

## SCIENTIFIC APTITUDE

1. Tendon connects
(A) cartilage with muscles
(B) bone with muscles
(C) ligament with muscles
(D) bone with bone
2. Sieve tubes are better suited for translocation because these :-
(A) are broader than long
(B) possess bordered pits
(C) possess no end walls
(D) possess a broader lumen and perforated cross walls
3. Companion cells are usually seen associated with :-
(A) fibres
(B) parenchyma
(C) xylem vessels
(D) sieve tubes
4. An element A has atomic mass 39 and atomic number 19. Which one of the following ions it will form on ionising one electron?
(A) $\mathrm{A}^{+}$ion
(B) $\mathrm{A}^{-}$ion
(C) $\mathrm{A}^{+}$ion
(D) $\mathrm{A}^{-}$ion
5. Select the pair of isobars from the following species ${ }_{17}^{37} \mathrm{~A},{ }_{17}^{35} \mathrm{~B},{ }_{18}^{37} \mathrm{C},{ }_{18}^{36} \mathrm{D},{ }_{19}^{38} \mathrm{E}$
(A)A and B
(B)A and C
(C)Cand E
(D)Cand D
6. In chromatography different constituents of a mixture get adsorbed differently on same adsorbent because
(A)they have different in pressure
(B)they have different rates of movement
(C)both (A) and (B)
(D)none of these.
7. A solution with mass of 1 kg contains 3 mg of solute. Value of this in ppm and ppb will be
(A) $0.3 \mathrm{ppm} \& 3 \times 10^{5} \mathrm{ppb}$
(B) $3 \mathrm{ppm} \& 3 \times 10^{2} \mathrm{ppb}$
(C) $3 \mathrm{ppm} \& 3 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{ppb}$
(D) $30 \mathrm{ppm} \& 3 \times 10^{2} \mathrm{ppb}$
8. Which among the following tissues stores fat?
(A) Connective tissue
(B) Epithelial tissue
(C)Adipose tissue
(D)A reolar tissue
9. What is the other name of nerve cell?
(A) Dendron
(B) Cyton
(C) Axon
(D) Neuron
10. The Study of diseases is known as pathology. What will be the correct term which can be used to study the infection in blood?
(A) Histology
(B) H istopathology
(C) Blood pathology
(D) Histopathy

11 Find the mising number ?

| 6 | 18 | 15 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 2 | 5 |
| 4 | 3 | $?$ |
| 8 | 27 | 9 |

(A) 11
(B) 6
(C) 3
(D) 2
12. If February 1, 1996 is Wednesday, what day is March 10, 1996 ?
(A) Monday
(B) Sunday
(C) Saturday
(D) Friday

13 Mosquito : Malaria ::
(A) Tobacoo : Cancer
(B) Road : Accident
(C) Housefly : Food
(D) Soil : Erosion

## Direction : (14 to 15)

Read the given information carefully and answer the questions that follows :
Ratan, Anil, Pinku and Gaurav are brothers of Rakhi, Sangeeta, Pooja and Saroj not necessarily in that order. Each boy has one sister and the names of brothers and sisters do not begin with the same letter. Pinku and Gaurav are not Saroj's and Sangeeta's brothers. Saroj is not Ratan's sister.
14. Pooja's brother is ?
(A) Ratan
(B) Anil
(C) Pinku
(D) Gaurav
15. Which of the following are brother and sister ?
(A) Ratan and Pooja
(B) Anil and Saroj
(C) Pinku and Sangeeta
(D) Gaurav and Rakhi

## MATHEMATICS

16. Expressing 153 as the difference of two squares is
(A) $76^{2}-75^{2}$
(B) $74^{2}-73^{2}$
(C) $77^{2}-76^{2}$
(D) None
17. The number 899 is
(A) A number with 4 factors
(B) a perfect cube
(C) A number with more than 4 factors
(D) a prime number
18. If $N=\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{6}+\frac{1}{12}+\frac{1}{20}+\ldots .+\frac{1}{156}$, then the value of N is
(A) $\frac{13}{12}$
(B) $\frac{12}{13}$
(C) 1
(D) $\frac{1}{13}$
19. If $25^{25}$ is divided by 26 , the remainder is
(A) 25
(B) 24
(C) 2
(D) 1
20. If $f(x)=x^{2}+5 x+a$ and $g(x)=x^{2}+3 x+b$ have a common factor, then the common factor is
(A) $x+\frac{1}{2}(b-a)$
(B) $\mathrm{x}-\frac{1}{2}(\mathrm{~b}-\mathrm{a})$
(C) $x+\frac{1}{2}(b+a)$
(D) $\mathrm{x}-\frac{1}{2}(\mathrm{a}-\mathrm{b})$
21. Real numbers $a, b, c$ satisfying the equations $a+b+c=26, \frac{1}{a}+\frac{1}{b}+\frac{1}{c}=28$ then the value of $\frac{a}{b}+\frac{b}{c}+\frac{c}{a}+\frac{a}{c}+\frac{c}{b}+\frac{b}{a}=$
(A) 735
(B) 625
(C) 728
(D) 725
22. If $\mathrm{p}=\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{d}, \mathrm{q}=\mathrm{b}+\mathrm{d}, \mathrm{r}=\mathrm{c}+\mathrm{d}$ then what will be the value of $\mathrm{p}^{2}+\mathrm{q}^{2}+\mathrm{r}^{2}-\mathrm{qr}-\mathrm{r} \mathrm{p}-\mathrm{pq}=$
(A) $a^{2}+b^{2}+c^{2}+b c+c a+a b$
(B) $a^{2}+b^{2}+c^{2}-b c-c a-a b$
(C) $a^{2}+b^{2}+c^{2}+b c+c a+a b$
(D) $\mathrm{a}^{2}+\mathrm{b}^{2}+\mathrm{c}^{2}$
23. The expression $\frac{1}{x-1}-\frac{1}{x+1}-\frac{2}{x^{2}+1}-\frac{4}{x^{4}+1}+\ldots .$. simplifies to :
(A) $\frac{8}{x^{7}+1}$
(B) $\frac{8}{x^{7}-1}$
(C) $\frac{8}{x^{8}-1}$
(D) $\frac{8}{x^{8}+1}$
24. If $a^{1 / 3}+b^{1 / 3}+c^{1 / 3}=0$, then the value of $(a+b+c)^{3}$ will be :
(A) $9 a^{2} b^{2} c^{2}$
(B) 3 abc
(C) 6 abc
(D) 27 abc
25. What are the points on the axis of $x$ whose perpendicular distance from the straight line $\frac{x}{p}+\frac{y}{q}=1$ is $p$ ?
(A) $\frac{p}{q}\left[q+\sqrt{\left(p^{2}+q^{2}\right)}\right], 0$
(B) $\frac{p}{q}\left[q-\sqrt{\left(p^{2}+q^{2}\right)}\right], 0$
(C) Both (A) and (B)
(D) None of these
26. Find the coordinates of the point that divides the line segment joining the points $(6,3)$ and $(-4,5)$ in the ratio 3 : 2 internally.
(A) $\left(0, \frac{-21}{5}\right)$
(B) $\left(0, \frac{21}{5}\right)$
(C) $\left(\frac{11}{2}, \frac{14}{3}\right)$
(D) $\left(\frac{-11}{2}, \frac{-14}{3}\right)$
27. In the figure, $\triangle \mathrm{ABC}$ is similar to $\triangle \mathrm{EDC}$.


If we have $\mathrm{AB}=4 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{ED}=3 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{CE}=4.2$ and $\mathrm{CD}=4.8 \mathrm{~cm}$, find the value of CA and CB
(A) $6 \mathrm{~cm}, 6.4 \mathrm{~cm}$
(B) $4.8 \mathrm{~cm}, 6.4 \mathrm{~cm}$
(C) $5.4 \mathrm{~cm}, 6.4 \mathrm{~cm}$
(D) $5.6 \mathrm{~cm}, 6.4 \mathrm{~cm}$
28. The area of similar triangles, ABC and DEF are $144 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ and $81 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ respectively. If the longest side of larger $\triangle A B C$ be 36 cm , then the longest side of smaller $\triangle D E F$ is
(A) 20 cm
(B) 26 cm
(C) 27 cm
(D) 30 cm
29. In the given figure, $A D \| B C$. Find the value of $x$.

(A) $x=8,9$
(B) $x=7,8$
(C) $x=8,10$
(D) $x=7,10$
30. In the given figure, $\triangle A B C$ and $\triangle A C D$ are right angle triangles and $A B=x c m, B C=y c m, C D=z c m$ and $x . y=z$ and $x, y$ and $z$ has minimum integral value. Find the area of $A B C D$

(A) $36 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
(B) $64 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
(C) $24 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
(D) $25 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$

## GENERAL SCIENCE

31. Passengers standing in a bus are thrown outwards when the bus takes a sudden turn. This happens because of:
(A) outward pull on them
(B) inertia
(C) change in momentum
(D) change in acceleration
32. A diwali rocket is ejecting 50 g of gas/es at a velocity of $400 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. The acceleration force on the rocket will be:
(A) 22 dyne
(B) 20 N
(C) 20 dyne
(D) 100 N
33. In the system shown in the adjoining figure, the acceleration of the 1 kg mass is

(A) $\frac{\mathrm{g}}{4}$ downwards
(B) $\frac{g}{4}$ upwards
(C) $\frac{\mathrm{g}}{2}$ downdards
(D) $\frac{\mathrm{g}}{2}$ upwards
34. The breaking load of the rope is half the weight of the climber. In which of the following cases, is the rope not likely to break ?
(A) Climbing up fast
(B) Climbing down fast
(C) Climbing up slowly
(D) Climbing down slowly
35. A body moves along the circumference of a circular track of radius R (Fig.). What is displacement of the body when it covers $3 / 4$ th of its circumference?

(A) 3 R
(B) $\frac{3}{4} \pi \mathrm{R}$
(C) $\frac{3}{2} \pi R$
(D) $\sqrt{2} \mathrm{R}$
36. A small amount of the sample of a soil was mixed with water in beaker .After stiring for sometime,the beaker was allowed to stand .The mud was found to settle down.The liquid above the mud was care fully filtered .The filtrate will be
(A)A true solution
(B) a colloidal solution
(C)can be a true solution or a colloidal solution
(D)a suspension.
37. Which one of the following statements is true?
(A)mass of 0.5 mole of $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ gas> Mass of 0.5 mole of N atoms
(B)mass of 0.5 mole of $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ gas $=$ Mass of 0.5 mole of N atoms
(C)mass of 0.5 mole of $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ gas < Mass of 0.5 mole of N atoms
(D)mass of 0.5 mole of $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ gas $=$ Mass of 0.5 mole of $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ atoms
 amount of $\mathrm{BaSO}_{4}$ formed is
(A) 23.3 g
(B) 20.8 g
(C) 9.8 g
(D) 10.4 g
38. The weight of a molecule of the compound $\mathrm{C}_{60} \mathrm{H}_{122}$ is
(A) $1.4 \times 10^{-21} \mathrm{~g}$
(B) $1.09 \times 10^{-21} \mathrm{~g}$
(C) $5.025 \times 10^{23} \mathrm{~g}$
(D) $16.023 \times 10^{23} \mathrm{~g}$
39. Grass stem elongates by the activity of :-
(A) secondary meristem
(B) intercalary meristem
(C) apical meristem
(D) primary meristem
40. Which of the following statements is NOT true regarding B cells?
(A) They are formed in the bone marrow.
(B) They develop into plasma cells and memory cells.
(C) They recognize peptide antigens by the major histocompatibility complex molecules.
(D) They are the source of antibodies.
41. Which of the following structures and processes can exist in eukaryotic cells and in all prokaryotic cells?
I. Nuclear envelope
II. Ribosomes
III. Introns
IV. ATP synthesis
V.rRNA 18 S
VI. Cell membrane
VII. DNA polymerase
VIII. Cytoskeletal elements
(A) I, II, III and VIII
(B) II, IV, VI and VIII
(C)I, III, V and VII
(D) II, IV, V and VI
42. Which of the following cell type is absent in phloem tissue?
(A) Tracheids
(B) Companion cells
(C) Sieve elements
(D) Sieve tube
43. What is the location of ribosome in the cell?
(A) Nucleolus
(B) Chromosome
(C) Endoplasmic reticulum
(D) Nucleus
44. Match the following
(i) Nervous tissue
(a) Cardiac muscles
(ii) Muscle tissue
(b) M otor nerve cells
(iii) Connective tissue
(c) Skin
(iv) Epithelial tissue
(d) Bone
(A) (i) - (a), (ii)- (b), (iii) - (d), (iv) - (c)
(B) (i) - (b), (ii) - (a), (iii) - (d), (iv) - (c)
(C) (i) - (b), (ii) - (c), (iii) - (a), (iv) - (d)
(D) (i) - (a), (ii) - (c), (iii) - (b), (iv) - (d)

| SCIENCE MOVEMENT APTITUDE TEST (SMAT) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| For Class IX students (going to Class $X$ ) |  |  |  |
| ANSWER KEY |  |  |  |
| 01. | B | 24. | D |
| 02. | D | 25. | C |
| 03. | D | 26. | B |
| 04. | A | 27. | D |
| 05. | B | 28. | C |
| 06. | B | 29. | A |
| 07. | C | 30. | A |
| 08. | C | 31. | B |
| 09. | D | 32. | D |
| 10. | C | 33. | D |
| 11. | C | 34. | B |
| 12. | C | 35. | D |
| 13. | A | 36. | B |
| 14. | D | 37. | A |
| 15. | B | 38. | A |
| 16. | C | 39. | A |
| 17. | A | 40. | B |
| 18. | B | 41. | C |
| 19. | A | 42. | D |
| 20. | B | 43. | A |
| 21. | D | 44. | C |
| 22. | B | 45. | B |
| 23. | C |  |  |

